

Butterworth $\frac{1}{A_s^2} = \frac{1}{1+\omega_s^{2n}}$ we $\frac{1}{A_p^2} = \frac{1}{1+\omega_p^{2n}}$

$$A_s^2 = 1 + \omega_s^{2n}$$

$$A_p^2 = 1 + \omega_p^{2n}$$

$$\frac{A_s^2 - 1}{A_p^2 - 1} = \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_p}\right)^{2n}$$

$$2n \log\left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_p}\right) = \log\left(\frac{A_s^2 - 1}{A_p^2 - 1}\right) \quad (1)$$

$$= \log(A_s^2 - 1) - \log(A_p^2 - 1)$$

assume $A_s \gg 1$ we $A_p \ll 1$

$$\Rightarrow 2n \log\left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_p}\right) \approx \log A_s^2 - 0$$

$$\boxed{n \log\left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_p}\right) \approx \log A_s}$$

ω_s 'de gerche $\frac{1}{A_s}$ 'e dsmelke

2x neqam $20 \log A_s = R_s$

$$\Rightarrow n \approx \frac{R_s}{20 \log(\omega_s/\omega_p)}$$

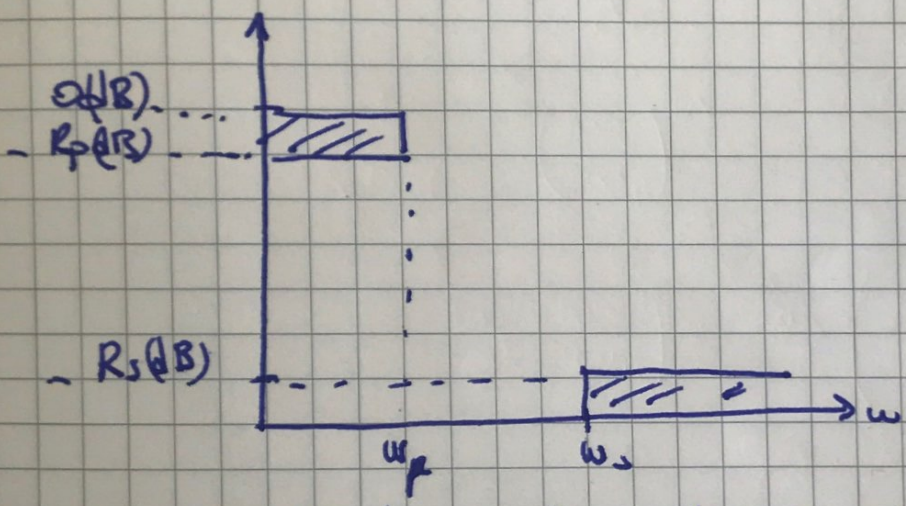
$$10^{R_s/20} = A_s \quad \text{ve} \quad 10^{R_p/20} = A_p \quad \text{olmak üzere}$$

(1) nokta derlikunde denem duvel

$$2n \log\left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_p}\right) = \log\left(\frac{10^{R_s/20} - 1}{10^{R_p/20} - 1}\right)$$

$$n = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\log\left(\frac{10^{R_s/20} - 1}{10^{R_p/20} - 1}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_p}\right)}$$

Bu formül yardımcıdır.

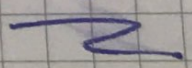


grecpe yedunlo n'un dereces bulunobtrve.
Bo hesaplamada yuker yuker kerna unbilmonaludur.

$$n = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\log\left[\frac{(10^{R_s/20} - 1)}{(10^{R_p/20} - 1)}\right]}{\log\left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_p}\right)}$$

Boz krom frekvensin. Butterth den.

$R_p = 3\text{dB}$ zayıflanan oldugı frekes olak seçiyeriz.

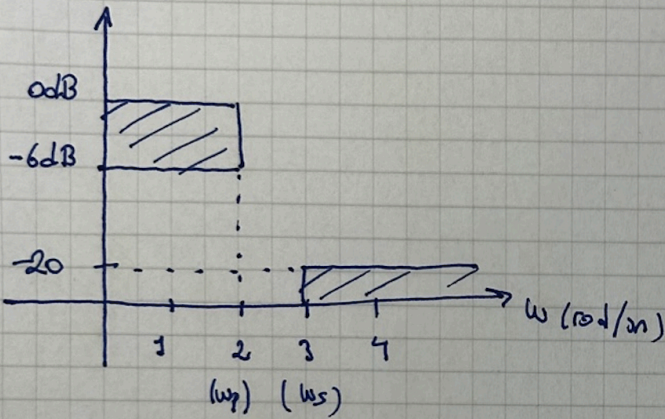


ÖRNEK

$0 \leq \omega \leq 2 \text{ rad/sn}$ için $-6\text{dB} \leq |H(j\omega)| \leq 0$

$3 \text{ rad/sn} \leq \omega$ için $|H(j\omega)| \leq -20\text{dB}$

istenmektedir. Bu tanıma uygun Butterworth tipi filtrenin derecesini n kesim frekansına karşılık düşen frek. hesaplayın.



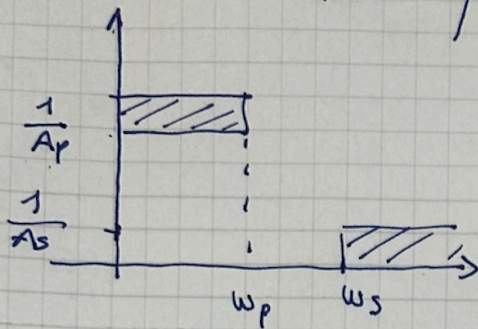
$$20 \log\left(\frac{1}{A_p}\right) = -6\text{dB}$$
$$A_p \approx 2$$

$$20 \log\left(\frac{1}{A_s}\right) = -20\text{dB}$$
$$A_s \approx 10$$

$$n = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\log\left[\frac{(10^{20/10} - 1)}{(10^{6/10} - 1)}\right]}{\log\left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_p}\right)}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\log\left[\frac{(10^{20/10} - 1)}{(10^{6/10} - 1)}\right]}{\log\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)}$$
$$= 4,319$$

$\Rightarrow n=5$ olmalıdır.

kesim frekansını hesapla:



$$\frac{1}{A_s} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\omega_s^{2n}}} \quad \text{seçilen } n=5 \text{ için}$$

$$\frac{1}{A_s} \geq \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\omega_s^{10}}}$$

$$1+\omega_s^{10} \geq A_s^2$$

$$\omega_s^{10} \geq A_s^2 - 1$$

$$\frac{1}{A_p} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\omega_p^{2n}}} \quad \text{seçilen } n=5 \text{ için}$$

$$\frac{1}{A_p} \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\omega_p^{10}}}$$

$$1+\omega_p^{10} \leq A_p^2$$

$$\omega_p^{10} \leq A_p^2 - 1$$

$$\omega_c \text{ için } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\omega_c^{2n}}}$$

$n=5$ için

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{1+\omega_c^{10}}$$

$$\omega_c^{10} = 1$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \omega_s^{10} \geq A_s^2 - 1 \\ \omega_c^{10} = 1 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \text{örnek}$$

$$\left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c}\right)^{10} \geq A_s^2 - 1$$

$$\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \geq (A_s^2 - 1)^{1/10}$$

$$\omega_s \cdot (A_s^2 - 1)^{-1/10} \geq \omega_c$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \omega_p^{10} \leq A_p^2 - 1 \\ \omega_c^{10} = 1 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left(\frac{\omega_p}{\omega_c}\right)^{10} \leq A_p^2 - 1$$

$$\omega_p (A_p^2 - 1)^{-1/10} \leq \omega_c$$

$$1,7931 = \omega_p (A_p^2 - 1)^{-1/10} \leq \omega_c \leq \omega_s \cdot (A_s^2 - 1)^{-1/10} = 1,8948$$