
Quiz – 1 - SOLUTION

Problem: Consider the two vectors $\vec{A} = \vec{i} - \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$, and $\vec{B} = 5\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$. Find,

- (a) the magnitude of both vectors,
- (b) angle between the vectors,
- (c) unit vectors in directions of the vectors,
- (d) a unit vector that is perpendicular to both vectors, and
- (e) the dot product of the vectors.

Solution:

(a) $A = |\vec{A}| = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (-1)^2 + (2)^2} = \sqrt{6} = 2.449$

$B = |\vec{B}| = \sqrt{(5)^2 + (3)^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{38} = 6.164$

(b) $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = AB \cos \theta = A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z$

$\cos \theta = [(1)(5) + (-1)(3) + (2)(-2)] / [(2.449)(6.164)] \rightarrow \theta = 97.61^\circ$

(c) $\vec{\lambda}_A = \frac{\vec{A}}{|\vec{A}|} = \frac{\vec{i} - \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}}{2.449} = 0.408\vec{i} - 0.408\vec{j} + 0.816\vec{k}$

$\vec{\lambda}_B = \frac{\vec{B}}{|\vec{B}|} = \frac{5\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}}{6.164} = 0.811\vec{i} - 0.486\vec{j} + 0.324\vec{k}$

- (d) The vector that is the vector product of the two vectors will be perpendicular to both vectors $\vec{V} = \vec{A} \times \vec{B}$, therefore a unit vector on the line of action of the cross product will also be perpendicular to them.

$$\vec{V} = \vec{A} \times \vec{B} = (\vec{i} - \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}) \times (5\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}) = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 5 & 3 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -4\vec{i} + 12\vec{j} + 8\vec{k}$$

(e) $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z = (1)(5) + (-1)(3) + (2)(-2) = -2$