

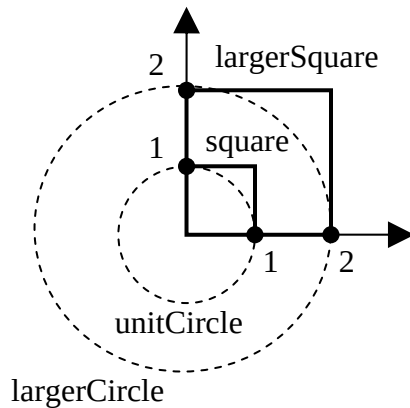
OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

Keys to 1st Midterm Exam

(There are 2 Questions. 90-Minutes Exam, Give your answer inside the corresponding box)

<u>Student ID</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Signature</u>

Q.1) (60) You will design two classes in order to model two geometrical shapes, Circle and Rectangle, using object oriented programming approach. A typical application code is given below. Write only required methods.



```
Circle unitCircle;  
Circle largerCircle(0.0,0.0,2.0);  
Rectangle square;  
Rectangle largerSquare(0.0,2.0,2.0,0.0);  
double f= unitCircle.area();  
double g= unitCircle.circumference();  
double h= square.area();  
double j= square.circumference();  
if (unitCircle>largerCircle) {...}  
if (unitCircle==largerCircle) {...}  
if (square>largerSquare) {...}  
if (square==largerSquare) {...}  
if (unitCircle>square) {...}  
if (square==largerCircle) {...}  
double left,right,top,bottom;  
square.getPosition(left,top,right,bottom);  
double x,y,r;  
unitCircle.getPosition(x,y,r);  
largerSquare.setPosition(left,top,right,bottom);  
largerCircle.setPosition(x,y,r);
```

Comparisons between rectangles and circles are computed through areas.

```

class Circle {
private:
    double x,y,r;
public:
    Circle(double x=0.,double y=0.,double r=1.0){
        this->x= x;   this->y= y;   this->r= r;
    }
    void setPosition(double x,double y,double r){
        this->x= x;   this->y= y;   this->r= r;
    }
    void getPosition(double &x,double &y,double &r) const {
        x= this->x;  y= this->y;  r= this->r;
    }
    double area() const {return 3.1415 * r*r;}
    double circumference() const {return 2.0 * 3.1415 * r;}
};

bool operator>(const Circle &left, const Circle &right){
    return left.area()>right.area() ;
}

bool operator==(const Circle &left, const Circle &right){
    return left.area()==right.area() ;
}

class Rectangle {
private:
    double left,right;
    double bottom,top;
public:
    Rectangle(double left=0.,double top=1.,double right=1.,double bottom=0.){
        this->left= left;  this->top= top;  this->right= right;  this->bottom= bottom;
    }
    void setPosition(double left,double top,double right,double bottom){
        this->left= left;  this->top= top;  this->right= right;  this->bottom= bottom;
    }
    void getPosition(double &left,double &top,double &right,double &bottom) const {
        left= this->left;  top= this->top;  right= this->right;  bottom= this->bottom;
    }
    double area() const {return (right-left)*(top-bottom);}
    double circumference() const {return 2.0 * ((right+top-left-bottom));}
    bool operator>(const Rectangle &right) const {    return (this->area() > right.area());    }
    bool operator==(const Circle &right) const {    return (this->area() == right.area());    }
    bool operator==(const Rectangle &right) const {    return (this->area() == right.area());    }
};

bool operator>(const Circle& left, const Rectangle &right){    return (left.area() > right.area());    }

```

[Download the full source code from the course web page](#)

You may use the back of the page, but not elsewhere

Q.2) (40) What is the output of the following C++ code?

```
class Storage {
    int *hold;
public:
    Storage (int h=0) {
        hold= new int(h);
        cout << endl << "constructor (Storage): Holding " << h ;
    }
    ~Storage () {
        cout << endl << "destructor (Storage): Releasing " << *hold ;
        delete hold;
    }
    Storage (const Storage &source) {
        hold= new int(*source.hold);
        cout << endl << "copy constructor (Storage): Holding " << *hold ;
    }
    Storage& operator= (const Storage& right) {
        cout << endl << "operator= (Storage): Releasing " << *hold ;
        delete hold;
        hold= new int(*right.hold);
        cout << endl << "operator= (Storage): Holding " << *hold ;
    }
    int& operator()() const {
        cout << endl << "operator() (Storage)" ;
        return *hold;
    }
};

class Array {
    Storage *array ;
    int size;
public:
    Array(int *a,int length){
        cout << endl << "constructor (Array)" ;
        array= new Storage[length];
        for (int i=0;i<length;i++){
            array[i]= a[i];
        }
        size= length;
    }
    int& operator[] (int i) const {
        cout << endl << "operator[] (Array)" ;
        return array[i];
    }
    ~Array(){
        cout << endl << "destructor (Array) ";
        delete[] array;
    }
};
```

```
int main (int argc, char* argv[]){
```

- ① **int myArray[]={549,3615,4629};**
- ② **int length=sizeof(myArray)/sizeof(int);**
- ③ **Array myObject(myArray,length);**
- ④ **for (int i=0;i<length;i++)**
- ⑤ **cout << endl << myObject[i] ;**
- ⑥ **return 0;**
- ⑦ **}**

Line Number	Output
③	constructor (Array)
③	constructor (Storage): Holding 0
③	constructor (Storage): Holding 0
③	constructor (Storage): Holding 0
③	operator() (Storage)
③	operator() (Storage)
③	operator() (Storage)
⑤	operator[] (Array)
⑤	operator() (Storage)
⑤	549
⑤	operator[] (Array)
⑤	operator() (Storage)
⑤	3615
⑤	operator[] (Array)
⑤	operator() (Storage)
⑤	4629
⑥	destructor (Array)
⑥	destructor (Storage): Releasing 4629
⑥	destructor (Storage): Releasing 3615
⑥	destructor (Storage): Releasing 549

[Download the full source code from the course web page.](#)