

1. An experiment has produced the following data:

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|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| t | 0 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 9.0 |
| y | 0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 0 |

We wish to interpolate the data with a smooth curve in the hope of obtaining reasonable values of y for values of t between the points at which measurements were taken. Plot experimental data overlay with the interpolated values. What is y at $t = 4$.

2. Determine the 4th degree polynomial $y(x)$ that passes through the points $(0,-1)$, $(1, 1)$, $(3, 3)$, $(5, 2)$ and $(6,-2)$.
3. The data points in the table lie on the plot of $f(x) = 4.8 \cos(\pi x/20)$. Interpolate this data at $x = 0, 0.5, 1.0, \dots, 8.0$ by the lowest degree polynomial and compare the results with the "exact" values given by $y = f(x)$.

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|-----|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| x | 0.15 | 2.30 | 3.15 | 4.85 | 6.25 | 7.95 |
| y | 4.79867 | 4.49013 | 4.2243 | 3.47313 | 2.66674 | 1.51909 |

4. The table shows the drag coefficient c_D of a sphere as a function of Reynolds number Re . Find c_D at $Re = 5, 50, 500$ and 5000 .
Hint: use log-log scale.

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|-------|-----|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Re | 0.2 | 2 | 20 | 200 | 2000 | 20000 |
| c_D | 103 | 13.9 | 2.72 | 0.800 | 0.401 | 0.433 |

5. The kinematic viscosity μ_k of water varies with temperature T in the following manner:

| | | | | | | | |
|--|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| T ($^{\circ}C$) | 0 | 21.1 | 37.8 | 54.4 | 71.1 | 87.8 | 100 |
| μ_k ($10^{-3} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$) | 1.79 | 1.13 | 0.696 | 0.519 | 0.338 | 0.321 | 0.296 |

Interpolate μ_k at $T = 10^{\circ}, 30^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}$ and $90^{\circ}C$