#### TASK 1 : Analog Noise Analysis using 3 different OPAMPs

#### **Objectives**:

- Analyze OPAMP noise
- Measure frequency response of an amplifier for medical use
- Study effects of EM fields on your instrumentation
- Design a 50 Hz reject filter

### **OPAMP choices**:

- 741 (a very low quality OPAMP)
- any medium quality OPAMP
- any (if possible chopper stabilized) good quality OPAMP

# Setup for 741:

- Like the one seen on the right. **OR you might** want to check some links<sup>1</sup>...
- Choose  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  between 1k and 1M.
- Add a null off-set potentiometer for large gain.
- Choose a gain between 1000 and 10000.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>http://www.tmworld.com/design/design-and-prototyping/4389306/The-basics-of-testing-op-amps-part-1--</u> <u>br--Circuits-test-key-op-amp-parameters</u>

http://www.tmworld.com/electronics-news/4389470/The-basics-of-testing-op-amps-part-2-br--Test-op-amps-for-input-bias-current

http://www.tmworld.com/design/manufacturing/4389588/The-basics-of-testing-op-amps-part-3-br--Configurable-circuit-tests-op-amps

- BiPass C values may be 0,1  $\mu$ F, whereas filter C may be 0,01  $\mu$ F. You may need BiPass C for AD521, but not for AD293/AD294.
- Check datasheets for OPAMPs other than 741 like OP07.

## Noise Analysis:

- Find the bandwidth of the circuit for 741.
- Short the input to the ground and study the output for all 3 OPAMPs of your choice. Find the peak-to-peak noise amplitude, the average and RMS for all noise signals using a digital scope for example. Show your data in tabulated format.
- Repeat the above steps while operating an electrical motor, such as, a blow dryer, and other EM sources of your choice next to your setup.
- Design a 50 Hz reject analog filter. Use signals of 1,0 Hz, 1 Hz, 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 50 Hz, 80 Hz, 100 Hz, 1 kHz, and 10 kHz to study and plot the output characteristics.

# **TASK 2** :

Design an instrumentation amplifier using the OPAMP of your choice and measure the bioelectric signal of your choice. Suggested is that your study your own EKG. You have to power everything using 9 V batteries. Otherwise you may electrocute yourself. Please be careful with electricity. You need to measure frequency response of your design and study the effects of EM field/coupling.

http://www.analog.com/library/analogDialogue/archives/45-04/op amp measurements.html