

ADDITIONAL HOMEWORK 2

1)

Perform the indicated operations.

(a) $(2 - 3i) + (4 + 5i)$

(b) $(6 + 5i) - (-2 + 3i)$

(c) $(3 - i)(4 + 3i)$

(d) $\frac{1 - 2i}{1 + 3i}$

11)

Show in two ways that the function $\ln(x^2 + y^2)$ is harmonic in every domain that does not contain the origin.

13)

Show that

(a) $\overline{\cos(iz)} = \cos(i\bar{z})$ for all z ;

(b) $\overline{\sin(iz)} = \sin(i\bar{z})$ if and only if $z = n\pi i$ ($n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$).

14)

Show that

(a) $\sinh(z + \pi i) = -\sinh z$; (b) $\cosh(z + \pi i) = -\cosh z$;

(c) $\tanh(z + \pi i) = \tanh z$.

16)

find $f'(z)$ when

(a) $f(z) = 3z^2 - 2z + 4$;

(b) $f(z) = (1 - 4z^2)^3$;

(c) $f(z) = \frac{z-1}{2z+1}$ ($z \neq -1/2$);

(d) $f(z) = \frac{(1+z^2)^4}{z^2}$ ($z \neq 0$).

18)

show that $f'(z)$ and its derivative $f''(z)$ exist everywhere, and find $f''(z)$ when

(a) $f(z) = iz + 2$; (b) $f(z) = e^{-x}e^{-iy}$;

(c) $f(z) = z^3$; (d) $f(z) = \cos x \cosh y - i \sin x \sinh y$.

Ans. (b) $f''(z) = f(z)$; (d) $f''(z) = -f(z)$.

20)

verify that each of these functions is entire:

$$(a) f(z) = 3x + y + i(3y - x); \quad (b) f(z) = \sin x \cosh y + i \cos x \sinh y;$$

$$(c) f(z) = e^{-y} \sin x - i e^{-y} \cos x; \quad (d) f(z) = (z^2 - 2)e^{-x} e^{-iy}.$$

22)

In each case, determine the singular points of the function and state why the function is analytic everywhere except at those points:

$$(a) f(z) = \frac{2z + 1}{z(z^2 + 1)}; \quad (b) f(z) = \frac{z^3 + i}{z^2 - 3z + 2}; \quad (c) f(z) = \frac{z^2 + 1}{(z + 2)(z^2 + 2z + 2)}.$$

$$\text{Ans. (a) } z = 0, \pm i; \quad (b) z = 1, 2; \quad (c) z = -2, -1 \pm i.$$

24)

Suppose that, in a domain D , a function v is a harmonic conjugate of u and also that u is a harmonic conjugate of v . Show how it follows that both $u(x, y)$ and $v(x, y)$ must be constant throughout D .

34)

Find the image of the semi-infinite strip $x > 0, 0 < y < 2$ when $w = iz + 1$. Sketch the strip and its image.

36)

Find the bilinear transformation that maps the points $z_1 = \infty, z_2 = i, z_3 = 0$ onto the points $w_1 = 0, w_2 = i, w_3 = \infty$.

40)

Discuss the image of the circle $|z - 2| = 1$ and its interior under the following transformations.

$$(a) w = z - 2i$$

$$(b) w = 3iz$$

$$(c) w = \frac{z - 2}{z - 1}$$

$$(d) w = \frac{z - 4}{z - 3}$$

$$(e) w = \frac{1}{z}$$