

## BUCK ÇEVİRİCİSİ FORMÜL TABLOSU

$$L_{crit} = \frac{R(1-D)}{2f_s} \quad R_{crit} = \frac{2Lf_s}{(1-D)} \quad D_{crit} = 1 - \frac{2Lf_s}{R} \quad K = \frac{2Lf_s}{R} \quad \langle i_L \rangle_{T_s} = I_o = \frac{V_o}{R}$$

	<i>CCM</i> $L > L_{crit} \quad , \quad R < R_{crit} \quad , \quad D > D_{crit}$	<i>BCM</i> $L = L_{crit} \quad , \quad R = R_{crit} \quad , \quad D = D_{crit}$	<i>DCM</i> $L < L_{crit} \quad , \quad R > R_{crit} \quad , \quad D < D_{crit}$
$\frac{V_o}{V_d}$	$D$	$D$	$\frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{4K}{D^2}}}$
$I_d$	$I_o D = \frac{V_o D}{R}$	$I_o D = \frac{V_o D}{R}$	$\frac{2I_o}{1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{4K}{D^2}}} = \frac{2V_o}{R \left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{4K}{D^2}}\right)}$
$D$	$V_o/V_d$	$V_o/V_d$	$\sqrt{\frac{K}{\left(\frac{V_d}{V_o}\right) \left(\frac{V_d}{V_o} - 1\right)}}$
$\Delta_1$	$1 - D$	$1 - D$	$\frac{D}{2} \left( \sqrt{1 + \frac{4K}{D^2}} - 1 \right)$
$\Delta_2$	$0$	$0$	$1 - D - \Delta_1$
$\Delta i_L$	$\frac{(V_d - V_o) D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o (1 - D)}{L f_s}$	$\frac{(V_d - V_o) D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o (1 - D)}{L f_s} = 2 I_o = \frac{2 V_o}{R}$	$\frac{(V_d - V_o) D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o \Delta_1}{L f_s}$
$I_{L,max}$	$I_o + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{V_o}{R} + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	$2 I_o = \frac{2 V_o}{R}$	$\frac{(V_d - V_o) D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o \Delta_1}{L f_s}$
$I_{L,min}$	$I_o - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{V_o}{R} - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	$0$	$0$
$\Delta v_o$	$\frac{(V_d - V_o) D}{8 L C f_s^2} = \frac{V_o (1 - D)}{8 L C f_s^2}$	$\frac{(V_d - V_o) D}{8 L C f_s^2} = \frac{V_o (1 - D)}{8 L C f_s^2}$	Dalga şekli üzerinden hesaplanması daha kolaydır.

ARAŞ. GÖR. FURKAN BAŞKURT – İSTANBUL TEKNİK ÜNİVERSİTESİ

EZBERLEMEK KOLAYDIR, ANCAK EZBERLENEN BİLGİ KALICI DEĞİLDİR.  
FORMÜL TABLOSUNU BU BİLİNÇLE KULLANMANIZ DİLEĞİYLE.

## BOOST ÇEVİRİCİSİ FORMÜL TABLOSU

$$L_{crit} = \frac{R D (1 - D)^2}{2 f_s} \quad , \quad R_{crit} = \frac{2 L f_s}{D (1 - D)^2} \quad , \quad K = \frac{2 L f_s}{R} \quad , \quad \langle i_L \rangle_{T_s} = I_d$$

	<i>CCM</i> $L > L_{crit} \quad , \quad R < R_{crit}$	<i>BCM</i> $L = L_{crit} \quad , \quad R = R_{crit}$	<i>DCM</i> $L < L_{crit} \quad , \quad R > R_{crit}$
$\frac{V_o}{V_d}$	$\frac{1}{(1 - D)}$	$\frac{1}{(1 - D)}$	$\frac{1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{4D^2}{K}}}{2}$
$I_d$	$\frac{I_o}{(1 - D)} = \frac{V_o}{R(1 - D)} = \frac{V_d}{R(1 - D)^2}$	$\frac{I_o}{(1 - D)} = \frac{V_o}{R(1 - D)} = \frac{V_d}{R(1 - D)^2}$	$\frac{V_o}{R} \cdot \left( \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{4D^2}{K}}}{2} \right)$
$D$	$1 - \frac{V_d}{V_o}$	$1 - \frac{V_d}{V_o}$	$\sqrt{K \left( \frac{V_o}{V_d} \right) \left( \frac{V_o}{V_d} - 1 \right)}$
$\Delta_1$	$1 - D = \frac{V_d}{V_o}$	$1 - D = \frac{V_d}{V_o}$	$\sqrt{K \left( \frac{V_o}{V_o - V_d} \right)}$
$\Delta_2$	0	0	$1 - D - \Delta_1$
$\Delta i_L$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{(V_o - V_d)(1 - D)}{L f_s}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{(V_o - V_d)(1 - D)}{L f_s} = 2 I_d = \frac{2 V_o}{R(1 - D)}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{(V_o - V_d)\Delta_1}{L f_s}$
$I_{L,max}$	$I_d + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{V_o}{R(1 - D)} + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	$2 I_d = \frac{2 V_o}{R(1 - D)}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{(V_o - V_d)\Delta_1}{L f_s}$
$I_{L,min}$	$I_d - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{V_o}{R(1 - D)} - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	0	0
$\Delta v_o$	$\frac{V_o D}{R C f_s}$	$\frac{V_o D}{R C f_s}$	Dalga şekli üzerinden hesaplanması daha kolaydır.

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## BUCK-BOOST ÇEVİRİCİSİ FORMÜL TABLOSU

$$L_{crit} = \frac{R(1-D)^2}{2f_s} \quad R_{crit} = \frac{2Lf_s}{(1-D)^2} \quad D_{crit} = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{2Lf_s}{R}} \quad K = \frac{2Lf_s}{R} \quad (i_L)_{T_s} = I_o + I_d \quad (\text{output voltage is always negative})$$

	<i>CCM</i> $L > L_{crit} \quad , \quad R < R_{crit} \quad , \quad D > D_{crit}$	<i>BCM</i> $L = L_{crit} \quad , \quad R = R_{crit} \quad , \quad D = D_{crit}$	<i>DCM</i> $L < L_{crit} \quad , \quad R > R_{crit} \quad , \quad D < D_{crit}$
$\frac{V_o}{V_d}$	$\frac{D}{1-D}$	$\frac{D}{1-D}$	$\frac{D}{\sqrt{K}}$
$I_d$	$\frac{I_o D}{1-D} = \frac{ V_o  D}{R(1-D)}$	$\frac{I_o D}{1-D} = \frac{ V_o  D}{R(1-D)}$	$\frac{I_o D}{\sqrt{K}} = \frac{ V_o  D}{R\sqrt{K}}$
$D$	$\frac{ V_o }{ V_o  + V_d}$	$\frac{ V_o }{ V_o  + V_d}$	$\frac{ V_o  \sqrt{K}}{V_d}$
$\Delta_1$	$1 - D$	$1 - D$	$\sqrt{K}$
$\Delta_2$	$0$	$0$	$1 - D - \Delta_1$
$\Delta i_L$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{ V_o  (1-D)}{L f_s}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{ V_o  (1-D)}{L f_s} = 2(I_o + I_d) = \frac{2I_o}{1-D}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{ V_o  \Delta_1}{L f_s}$
$I_{L,max}$	$I_o + I_d + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{I_o}{1-D} + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	$2(I_o + I_d) = \frac{2I_o}{(1-D)}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{ V_o  \Delta_1}{L f_s}$
$I_{L,min}$	$I_o + I_d - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{I_o}{1-D} - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	$0$	$0$
$\Delta v_o$	$\frac{V_o D}{R C f_s}$	$\frac{V_o D}{R C f_s}$	Dalga şekli üzerinden hesaplanması daha kolaydır.

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FORMÜL TABLOSUNU BU BİLİNÇLE KULLANMANIZ DİLEĞİYLE.

**TEK ANAHTARLI / ÜÇÜNCÜ SARGILI FORWARD ÇEVİRİCİSİ FORMÜL TABLOSU**

$$L_{crit} = \frac{R(1-D)}{2f_s} \quad R_{crit} = \frac{2Lf_s}{(1-D)} \quad D_{crit} = 1 - \frac{2Lf_s}{R} \quad K = \frac{2Lf_s}{R} \quad \langle i_L \rangle_{T_s} = I_o = \frac{V_o}{R} \quad N_{primary} = N_1 \quad N_{secondary} = N_2 \quad N_{tertiary} = N_3$$

	<i>CCM</i> $L > L_{crit} \quad , \quad R < R_{crit} \quad , \quad D > D_{crit}$	<i>BCM</i> $L = L_{crit} \quad , \quad R = R_{crit} \quad , \quad D = D_{crit}$	<i>DCM</i> $L < L_{crit} \quad , \quad R > R_{crit} \quad , \quad D < D_{crit}$
$\frac{V_o}{V_d}$	$\frac{N_2 D}{N_1}$	$\frac{N_2 D}{N_1}$	$\frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{1 + 4K/D^2}} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1}$
$I_d$	$I_o \frac{N_2 D}{N_1} = \frac{V_o}{R} \cdot \frac{N_2 D}{N_1}$	$I_o \frac{N_2 D}{N_1} = \frac{V_o}{R} \cdot \frac{N_2 D}{N_1}$	$\frac{2 I_o}{1 + \sqrt{1 + 4K/D^2}} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{2 V_o}{R(1 + \sqrt{1 + 4K/D^2})} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1}$
$D$	$\frac{V_o \cdot N_1}{V_d \cdot N_2}$	$\frac{V_o \cdot N_1}{V_d \cdot N_2}$	$\sqrt{\frac{K}{\left(\frac{V_d \cdot N_2}{V_o \cdot N_1}\right) \left(\frac{V_d \cdot N_2}{V_o \cdot N_1} - 1\right)}}$
$D_{max}$	$\frac{N_1}{N_1 + N_3}$	$\frac{N_1}{N_1 + N_3}$	$\frac{N_1}{N_1 + N_3}$
$\Delta_1$	$1 - D$	$1 - D$	$\frac{D}{2} (\sqrt{1 + 4K/D^2} - 1)$
$\Delta_2$	$0$	$0$	$1 - D - \Delta_1$
$\Delta i_L$	$\frac{(V_d \frac{N_2}{N_1} - V_o) D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o (1-D)}{L f_s}$	$\frac{(V_d \frac{N_2}{N_1} - V_o) D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o (1-D)}{L f_s} = 2 I_o = \frac{2 V_o}{R}$	$\frac{(V_d \frac{N_2}{N_1} - V_o) D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o \Delta_1}{L f_s}$
$I_{L,max}$	$I_o + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{V_o}{R} + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	$2 I_o = \frac{2 V_o}{R}$	$\frac{(V_d \frac{N_2}{N_1} - V_o) D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o \Delta_1}{L f_s}$
$I_{L,min}$	$I_o - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{V_o}{R} - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	$0$	$0$
$\Delta v_o$	$\frac{(V_d \frac{N_2}{N_1} - V_o) D}{8 L C f_s^2} = \frac{V_o (1-D)}{8 L C f_s^2}$	$\frac{(V_d \frac{N_2}{N_1} - V_o) D}{8 L C f_s^2} = \frac{V_o (1-D)}{8 L C f_s^2}$	Dalga şekli üzerinden hesaplanması daha kolaydır.

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## FLYBACK ÇEVİRİCİSİ FORMÜL TABLOSU

$L_{crit} = \frac{R(1-D)^2}{2f_s} \cdot \left(\frac{N_1}{N_2}\right)^2$ $R_{crit} = \frac{2L_m f_s}{(1-D)^2} \cdot \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1}\right)^2$ $D_{crit} = 1 - \sqrt{\frac{2L_m f_s}{R} \cdot \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1}\right)^2}$ $K = \frac{2L_m f_s}{R} \cdot \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1}\right)^2$ $\langle i_L \rangle_{T_s} = I_o \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1} + I_d$ $N_{primary} = N_1$ $N_{secondary} = N_2$			
	CCM $L_m > L_{crit}$ , $R < R_{crit}$ , $D > D_{crit}$	BCM $L_m = L_{crit}$ , $R = R_{crit}$ , $D = D_{crit}$	DCM $L_m < L_{crit}$ , $R > R_{crit}$ , $D < D_{crit}$
$\frac{V_o}{V_d}$	$\frac{D}{1-D} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1}$	$\frac{D}{1-D} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1}$	$\frac{N_2}{N_1} \cdot \frac{D}{\sqrt{K}}$
$I_d$	$\frac{I_o D}{1-D} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{V_o D}{R(1-D)} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1}$	$\frac{I_o D}{1-D} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{V_o D}{R(1-D)} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1}$	$\frac{I_o D}{\sqrt{K}} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1} = \frac{V_o D}{R\sqrt{K}} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1}$
$D$	$\frac{V_o N_1}{V_o N_1 + V_d N_2}$	$\frac{V_o N_1}{V_o N_1 + V_d N_2}$	$\frac{V_o \sqrt{K}}{V_d} \cdot \frac{N_1}{N_2}$
$\Delta_1$	$1 - D$	$1 - D$	$\sqrt{K}$
$\Delta_2$	$0$	$0$	$1 - D - \Delta_1$
$\Delta i_{L_m}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L_m f_s} = \frac{V_o (1-D)}{L_m f_s} \cdot \frac{N_1}{N_2}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L_m f_s} = \frac{V_o (1-D)}{L_m f_s} \cdot \frac{N_1}{N_2} = \frac{2I_o}{1-D} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o \Delta_1}{L f_s} \cdot \frac{N_1}{N_2}$
$I_{L,max}$	$I_o + I_d + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{I_o}{1-D} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1} + \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	$2 \left( I_o \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1} + I_d \right) = \frac{2I_o}{1-D} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1}$	$\frac{V_d D}{L f_s} = \frac{V_o \Delta_1}{L f_s} \cdot \frac{N_1}{N_2}$
$I_{L,min}$	$I_o + I_d - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2} = \frac{I_o}{1-D} \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1} - \frac{\Delta i_L}{2}$	$0$	$0$
$\Delta v_o$	$\frac{V_o D}{R C f_s}$	$\frac{V_o D}{R C f_s}$	Dalga şekli üzerinden hesaplanması daha kolaydır.

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