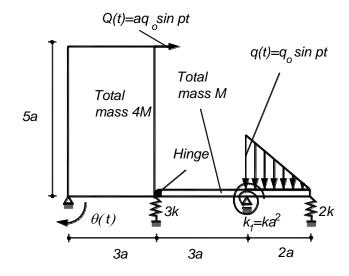
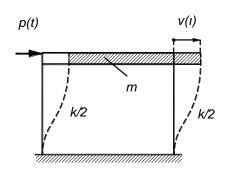
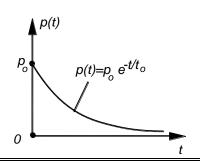
ADVANCED DYNAMICS OF STRUCTURES / QUIZ / November 11, 2009

1. Write down the equation of motion of the rigid-body assemblage in terms of $\theta(t)$ the rotation angle of the support by using the principle of the virtual work. Obtain the free vibration period $T = \alpha \sqrt{M/k}$ of the assemblage and determine α . Find p for the resonance condition in terms of the parameters of the system M, k and a.



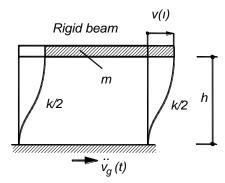
2. Obtain the displacement function v(t) of the undamped SDOF system subjected to the external load $p(t) = p_o e^{-t/t_o}$ assuming that the system starts from the rest, i.e., $v(t=0) = \dot{v}(t=0) = 0$. m and k denote the mass and the stiffness of the system, respectively.

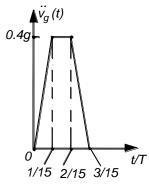




ADVANCED DYNAMICS OF STRUCTURES / QUIZ / November 11, 2009

3. The frame shown can be assumed as a single-degree-of-freedom system and it is subjected to a ground motion of impulse character $\ddot{v}_g(t)$, where t and T denote the time and the period of the system, respectively. Find out the displacement v(t), the velocity $\dot{v}(t)$ and the acceleration $\ddot{v}(t)$ and their maximum values by assuming that the system starts from the rest, i.e., $v(t=0) = \dot{v}(t=0) = 0$. m and k denote the mass and the lateral stiffness of the system. Obtain the period of the system T, the maximum shearing force $V_{\rm max}$ and the maximum bending moment $M_{\rm max}$ in the columns by assuming. m = 80kN, k = 400kN/m and k = 10m





General equations

$$m \ddot{v} + c \dot{v} + k v = -m \ddot{v}_{g}(t) \qquad \ddot{v} + 2 \xi \omega \dot{v} + \omega^{2} v = -\ddot{v}_{g}(t) \qquad \xi = c/(2m\omega)$$

$$m \ddot{v} + c \dot{v} + k v = p(t) \qquad v(t) = -\frac{1}{\omega_{D}} \int_{0}^{t} \ddot{v}_{g}(\tau) \exp[-\xi \omega t] \sin \omega_{D}(t - \tau) d\tau$$

$$I = \int_{0}^{t_{1}} p(t) dt \qquad v(t) = \frac{1}{m \omega_{0}} \int_{0}^{t} p(\tau) \sin \omega (t - \tau) d\tau \qquad v(t) = \frac{I}{m \omega} \sin \omega t$$

$$I = -\int_{0}^{t_{0}} m \ddot{v}_{g}(t) dt \qquad \omega = 2\pi/T \qquad \omega_{D}^{2} = \omega^{2} (1 - \xi^{2}) \qquad \omega_{D} = 2\pi/T_{D}$$

$$v(t) = \frac{I}{m \omega_{D}} \exp[-\xi \omega t] \sin \omega_{D}t \qquad I_{\theta} = \frac{M}{12} (a^{2} + b^{2})$$

$$v(t) = \frac{1}{m \omega_{D}} \int_{0}^{t} p(\tau) \exp[-\xi \omega t] \sin \omega_{D}(t - \tau) d\tau$$